

Standardisierte kompetenzorientierte schriftliche  
Reifeprüfung/Reife- und Diplomprüfung/Berufsreifeprüfung

7. Mai 2020

Englisch  
Korrekturheft

Lesen B2

## Hinweise zur Korrektur

Bei der Korrektur werden **ausschließlich die Antworten auf dem Antwortblatt** berücksichtigt.

### ***Korrektur der Aufgaben***

Bitte kreuzen Sie bei jeder Frage im Bereich mit dem Hinweis „*von der Lehrperson auszufüllen*“ an, ob die Kandidatin/der Kandidat die Frage richtig oder falsch beantwortet hat.

Falls Sie versehentlich das falsche Kästchen markieren, malen Sie es bitte vollständig aus (■) und kreuzen das richtige an (☒).

richtig	falsch
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Gibt eine Kandidatin/ein Kandidat bei einer Frage zwei Antworten an und ist eine davon falsch, so ist die gesamte Antwort als falsch zu werten. Bei der Testmethode *Kurzantworten* und *Richtig/Falsch mit Begründung* zählen alle Wörter, die nicht durchgestrichen sind, zur Antwort.

Bei der Beurteilung werden nur ganze Punkte vergeben. Die Vergabe von halben Punkten ist unzulässig.

### ***Akzeptierte Antworten bei der Testmethode Richtig/Falsch mit Begründung***

Die Testmethode *Richtig/Falsch mit Begründung* sieht vor, dass für die Erreichung eines Punktes zwei Bedingungen erfüllt sein müssen:

1. Die Entscheidung, ob die jeweilige Aussage richtig oder falsch ist, muss korrekt sein.
2. Als „Begründung“ sind die ersten 4 Wörter jenes Satzes zu zitieren, der die Entscheidung belegt.

Das BMBWF empfiehlt im Sinne der Kandidatinnen und Kandidaten, Abweichungen von der Regel der ersten vier Wörter zu akzeptieren, wenn zweifelsfrei erkennbar ist, dass auf den die Entscheidung begründenden Satz Bezug genommen wurde (etwa, wenn 4 Wörter innerhalb des Satzes oder der ganze Satz zitiert werden).

### ***Akzeptierte Antworten bei der Testmethode Kurzantworten***

Das Ziel der Aufgaben ist es, das Hör- bzw. Leseverständnis der Kandidatinnen und Kandidaten zu überprüfen. Grammatik- und Rechtschreibfehler werden bei der Korrektur nicht berücksichtigt, sofern sie die Kommunikation nicht verhindern. Es sind nur Antworten mit maximal 4 Wörtern zu akzeptieren.

### ***Standardisierte Korrektur***

Um die Verlässlichkeit der Testergebnisse österreichweit garantieren zu können, ist eine Standardisierung der Korrektur unerlässlich.

Die Antworten Ihrer Kandidatinnen und Kandidaten sind vielleicht auch dann richtig, wenn sie nicht im Lösungsschlüssel aufscheinen. Falls Ihre Kandidatinnen und Kandidaten Antworten geben, die nicht eindeutig als richtig oder falsch einzuordnen sind, wenden Sie sich bitte an unser Team aus Muttersprachlerinnen und Muttersprachlern sowie Testexpertinnen und Testexperten, das Sie über den Online-Helpdesk erreichen. Die Rückmeldungen der Fachteams haben ausschließlich beratende und unterstützende Funktion. Die Letztentscheidung bezüglich der Korrektheit einer Antwort liegt ausschließlich bei der beurteilenden Lehrkraft.

### ***Online-Helpdesk***

Ab dem Zeitpunkt der Veröffentlichung der Lösungen können Sie unter der Webadresse <https://helpdesk.srdp.at/> Anfragen an den Online-Helpdesk des BMBWF stellen. Beim Online-Helpdesk handelt es sich um ein Formular, mit dessen Hilfe Sie Antworten von Kandidatinnen und Kandidaten, die nicht im Lösungsschlüssel enthalten sind, an das BMBWF senden können. Sie brauchen zur Benutzung des Helpdesks kein Passwort.

Sie erhalten von uns zeitnah eine Empfehlung darüber, ob die Antworten als richtig oder falsch zu werten sind. Sie können den Helpdesk bis zum Eingabeschluss jederzeit und beliebig oft in Anspruch nehmen, wobei Sie nach jeder Anfrage eine Bestätigung per E-Mail erhalten. Jede Anfrage wird garantiert von uns beantwortet. Die Antwort-E-Mails werden zeitgleich an alle Lehrerinnen und Lehrer versendet.

Eine Anleitung zur Verwendung des Helpdesks finden Sie unter:

- [https://helpdesk.srdp.at/Anleitung\\_Helpdesk.pdf](https://helpdesk.srdp.at/Anleitung_Helpdesk.pdf)

Die Zeiten des Online-Helpdesks entnehmen Sie bitte <https://ablauf.srdp.at>. Falls eine telefonische Korrekturhotline angeboten wird, sind die Zeiten ebenfalls dort ersichtlich.

## 1 Meeting a shark hunter

0	1	2	3	4	5	6
C	B	C	A	B	D	D

### Begründungen

0

The text says: "Oh my God, yes! What else would I do? I dive as often as I can. I'm just back from a five-week trip around the Indian Ocean." Valerie therefore explains that scuba-diving is her main purpose in life.

1

The text says: "This week marked the 40th anniversary of the blockbuster's first theatrical release, which would propel their work into the public consciousness in a way that neither Valerie nor her husband could have ever predicted." Steven Spielberg's movie therefore made people aware of what Valerie and Ron were doing.

2

The text says: "Spearfishing and diving was very male-dominated at the time; I didn't know any other female divers." When Valerie was growing up, underwater sports were therefore uncommon among women.

3

The text says: "In addition to spearfishing, Ron was an underwater cinematographer, and the couple swiftly realised there was money to be made in filming Valerie underwater." Valerie and Ron therefore discovered that there was financial benefit to be gained from their combined skills.

4

The text says: "'Ron and I sensed that marine animals just need to be treated with respect and then they will give you space,' says Valerie." Valerie and Ron therefore realised that sea creatures react to appropriate behaviour.

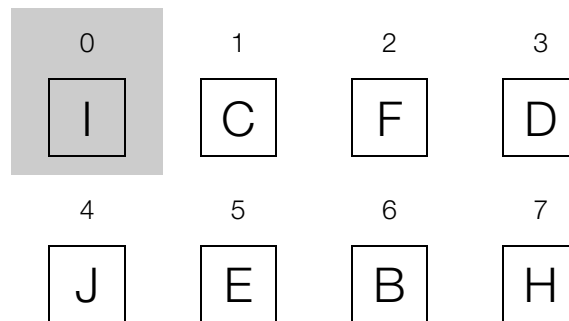
5

The text says: "Indeed, in all her decades diving with sharks, the Australian has only been bitten on a couple of occasions. 'Nothing major,' she shrugs." According to Valerie, one particular kind of fish has therefore never caused her serious injury.

6

The text says: "'If I had to fight for my life with something, I'd rather fight with a shark. Dogs rip your throat out. Sharks don't know about throats." Valerie would therefore prefer to be confronted with a big fish because it applies a different pattern of attack than one pet.

## 2 Mojave phone booth



### Begründungen

0

The topic sentence of this paragraph describes how Doc first heard about the phone booth. The text says: "Godfrey ("Doc") Daniels read about this booth in a brief letter to a zine editor, which contained its phone number (760 733 9969) and little else."

1

The paragraph is about Doc's attempts to find out about whether the phone booth actually existed. After trying for about a month, he was finally rewarded and got a busy signal. The text says: "Then, after about a month of dialing, he got a break in the case: a busy signal."

2

The topic sentence of the paragraph states that Doc eventually found and visited the phone booth. Also, he asked a friend for a callback because he wanted to hear it himself. The text says: "He even paged a friend for a callback so he could hear it ring for himself."

3

The sentence stresses that Doc wanted to create something special to remember the time he devoted to the phone booth. The text says: "Doc wanted to commemorate the time he spent devoted to this phone booth, so he created a webpage for it."

4

The paragraph elaborates on the fact that the booth was becoming popular with callers and visitors alike and served as a means of communication for people who did not even know each other. The text says: "Travelers started to make pilgrimages to the site of the phone and picking it up as well, talking to whoever happened to be dialing in for hours on end."

5

The paragraph states that in spite of the fact that the phone booth was removed, the site and its concrete slab remained a tourist attraction. Eventually, however, even these last remnants were removed. The text says: "The booth was removed in 2000, but people kept coming, treating the concrete slab where it once sat like a tombstone, leaving offerings in memoriam. Eventually, the slab was also broken up and removed, leaving no trace of the booth's existence."

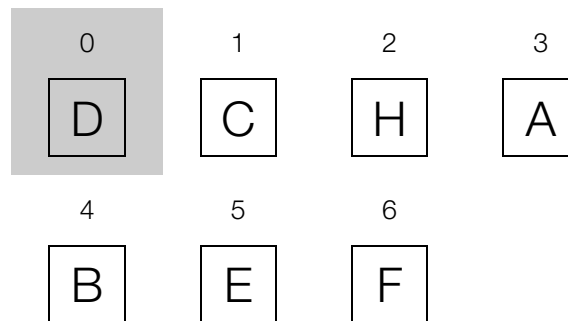
6

The final paragraph reflects on the fact that the very timing was one reason for the phone booth's popularity. The text says: "Had it made its online debut any later, the booth might have lost its novelty in our interconnected world or it might have been drowned out by the onslaught of other memes; any earlier, and the sparseness of the web would have limited its viral potential."

7

The final paragraph reflects on the reasons for the phone's popularity and also on Doc looking back and wondering about the webpage he created to "remember" this encounter. The relative clause points out that this webpage played an essential role in the history of the phone booth. The text says: "Doc still wonders about his decision to give this booth a webpage, which led to its rise but also to its ultimate downfall."

### 3 Stunning ghost towns



#### Begründungen

0

The text says: “Thanks to worsening agricultural conditions, a landslide (1963), flooding (1972), and an earthquake (1980), this once prosperous southern Italian hill town is now uninhabited. It is a popular filming location, however, and appeared in *The Passion of the Christ* and *Quantum of Solace*.” Therefore, this town was left after several natural disasters and has been used as a movie setting.

1

The text says: “A few miles from the port of Lüderitz, Kolmanskop became a thriving mining village after Zacharias Lewala, a worker, discovered a diamond there in 1908. Residents built houses and other amenities (including a hospital, ballroom, skittle alley, casino, and ice factory) in the architectural style of a German town, as well as Africa’s first tram and the southern hemisphere’s first X-ray station. It fell into decline after the First World War, when its diamond fields became depleted, and was abandoned in 1954. It is now a popular tourist destination.” Therefore, this town shows clear European influence and was gradually left after it could no longer be mined.

2

The text says: “‘Founded in the Twenties, Villa Epecuén thrived for five decades, gaining its own railway station and fanning out into the pampas as the population grew to more than 5,000,’ says Telegraph Travel’s Chris Moss.” The text also says: “It remained submerged under 30ft of water until 2009, when there was an extended cycle of droughts. This caused the waters to retreat, exposing what looks like an Atlantis that has resurfaced in the middle of the pampas.” Therefore, this town did well for many years but disappeared from view before it reappeared later on.

3

The text says: “Built in 1970, this worker’s town near the power station of Chernobyl once had a population of 50,000 but was abandoned in 1986 when the nuclear plant went into meltdown. Tours of Prypiat have been offered for years – visitors get to walk through the debris-strewn corridors of its Palace of Culture, admire its crumbling Olympic-sized swimming pool, and wander through the eerily empty classrooms of one of its biggest schools.” Therefore, this town was left due to an accident and can now be visited by tourists.

4

The text says: “This Dorset village was seized by the Ministry of Defence in 1943 and used as a firing range for trainee troops. Locals were told they could return after the war, but in 1948 a compulsory purchase order was placed on the land, and no residents ever went back permanently. The church and school house have been preserved as museums.” Therefore, this town was left on official orders and is still uninhabited due to a broken promise.

## 5

The text says: “A former saltpeter town in northern Chile, Humberstone was thriving in the 19<sup>th</sup> century, then declined at the beginning of the 20<sup>th</sup>, before being abandoned entirely in 1960. Forty-five years later, it was declared a World Heritage Site, along with the nearby Santa Laura works. Unesco explains: ‘Humberstone and Santa Laura works are the best preserved and most representative remains of a series of more than 200 saltpeter works that once existed, all of which were interconnected by a specially built modern railway system, and constitute an exceptional testimony to technological progress and global exchanges which were the cornerstone of the industrial era.’” Therefore, this town used to be a mining site and received the status of an important example of a historical period later on.

## 6

The text says: “Another mining town, this time in central Australia, about 70 miles away from Alice Springs. Originally it was explored for its alluvial gold, but the harshness of the environment soon took its toll on inhabitants of the small settlement. The deserted mines and cemeteries give some idea of the kind of life lived by the miners. It has been preserved by the arid surroundings.” Therefore, this town was inhabited by workers who left due to poor living conditions and still shows hints of their presence.

## 4 Have laptop, will travel

	R	F	akzeptiert	nicht akzeptiert
0		X	<i>Patel is part of</i>	
1		X	<b>Lacking the time to</b>	In January this year For \$2000 a month I've always liked to But this was far
2	X		<b>It may cost more</b>	I've always liked to For \$2000 a month Lacking the time to They are tapping into
3		X	<b>In June, Automatic – the</b>	A study from 2016
4		X	<b>She says the chance</b>  By the time I	Rebekah Lipsky, a 33-year-old
5	X		<b>I've found that it's</b>	Some find it difficult She says the chance Most companies encourage people By the time I Aware that self-discipline can Rebekah Lipsky, a 33-year-old Smaller groups tend to
6	X		<b>Michael Youngblood, co-founder of</b>  You can get a	Aware that self-discipline can A lot of people ( <i>This sentence does not say that it is essential to set realistic goals.</i> ) I've found that it's Most companies encourage people
7		X	<b>We Roam only takes</b>	Most people on these We really police and He and Mevish Aslam

## Begründungen

## 0

The text says: “But this was far from a grown-up gap year. Patel is part of a growing tribe of digital nomads who manage to work full time while trotting the globe.” Therefore, Ms Patel did not quit her job to see the world.

**1**

The text says: "Lacking the time to research the best places to stay and work in a dozen cities, she turned to We Roam, a company that promised to do all the hard work for her." Therefore, Ms Patel did not try to find the best destinations for her travels herself.

**2**

The text says: "It may cost more than staying in an Airbnb and working out of a café, but for Patel the benefits outweighed the cost." Therefore, for Ms Patel, the company's price was value for money.

**3**

The text says: "In June, Automattic – the company behind Wordpress, a blog platform – announced that it was closing its office in San Francisco and encouraging all employees to work remotely." Therefore, one business in California did not let all its workers go; it only closed down an office.

**4**

The text says: "She says the chance to be part of a community of like-minded travellers was a major draw, having found it hard to make friends when working abroad before. 'By the time I found my tribe it would be time to leave....'" Therefore, one woman found it hard to easily get to know people on previous trips abroad.

**5**

The text says: "I've found that it's really hard to stay healthy but after the second month I realised this isn't a vacation, this is real life, so you kind of have to live like you would at home," says Patel." Therefore, one woman experienced difficulties having a normal routine.

**6**

The text says: "Michael Youngblood, co-founder of Unsettled, emphasises the importance of setting realistic expectations." The text also says: "'You can get a lot done but you can't reinvent your entire life.'" Therefore, it is essential to choose reasonable goals when traveling and working.

**7**

The text says: "We Roam only takes applicants in full-time employment." Therefore, one company does not just accept clients who run their own businesses.



## Textquellen

Aufgabe 1: Hart, Anna: The most glamorous shark hunter in the world.

<http://www.telegraph.co.uk/culture/film/11700946/The-most-glamorous-shark-hunter-in-the-world.html> [14.11.2019] (adaptiert).

Aufgabe 2: Quelle: Harper, Leah: Mojave phone booth.

<http://99percentinvisible.org/episode/mojave-phone-booth/> [18.11.2019] (adaptiert).

Aufgabe 3: Autor/in nicht genannt: 21 of the world's eeriest ghost towns. The Telegraph.

<http://www.telegraph.co.uk/travel/galleries/abandoned-ghost-towns-of-the-world/> [10.10.2019] (adaptiert).

Aufgabe 4: Quelle: Stoughton, India: Have Macbook, will travel.

<https://www.1843magazine.com/travel/the-daily/have-macbook-will-travel> [14.11.2019] (adaptiert).